
The numbers between brackets in the margin represent the marks assigned to the question. The maximum grade is 50.

1. Consider the function $f(x) = \ln\left(\frac{2x+3}{3x+2}\right)$.

- (10) (a) Find the domain and the range of f (in the interval form).
- (10) (b) Determine the horizontal asymptote(s) and the vertical asymptote(s) of the function. Give the reasons that make the lines you list asymptotic.
- (10) (c) Find $f'(x)$.

(5) 2. Find x so that $7^{(x^2+1)} - 49 = 0$.

(20) 3. If $(2x+3)e^{\frac{y}{x}} = x$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ and $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$.

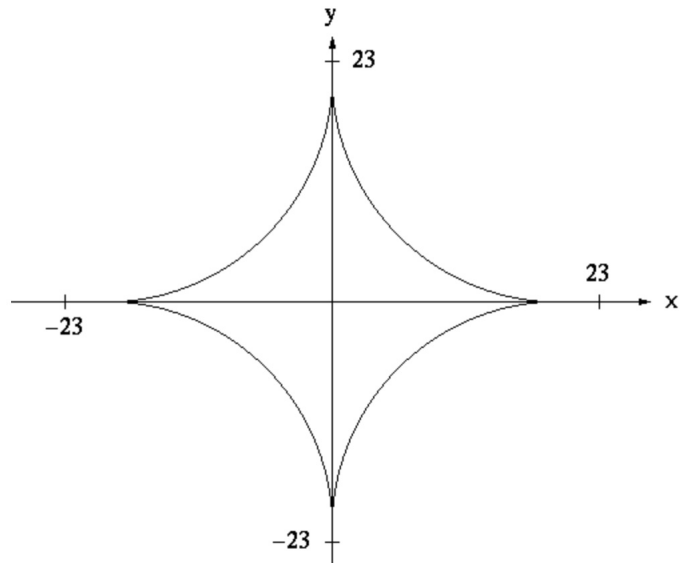
4. Solve (find x) the following equations if possible. If there is no solution to the given equation, state that together with an explanation.

(10) (a) $3(\log x)^2 + 2 \log x - 5 = 0$.

(10) (b) $e^{2x} + 6e^x + 5 = 0$.

(10) (c) $e^{2x} - 6e^x + 5 = 0$.

(15) 5. Find all points (x, y) on the graph of $x^{2/3} + y^{2/3} = 8$ (see diagram) where lines tangent to



the graph at (x, y) have a slope equal to -1 .

TOTAL MARKS: 100