

# MATH 100, Tutorial 5

## (Week of February 12, 2024)

**Exercise 1** Compute the following limits

(a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 8} \frac{2(x-8)\sin(x-8)}{(2x-16)^2}$ .

(b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x}{x}$ .

(c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x + 5x}{x}$ .

**Exercise 2** Find the values of  $x$  in the interval  $[0, \pi]$  solving each of the following equations

(a)  $10 \cos^2 x = 5$ .

(b)  $\sin 3x = 1/2$ .

**Exercise 3** Compute  $f'(x)$  in each of the following cases.

(a)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x \cos 3x}$

(b)  $f(x) = (x + \sin x)(1 - \cos(2x + 3))$

(c)  $f(x) = \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x + \sin x}$

(d)  $f(x) = \frac{1 - \tan x}{1 + \tan x}$

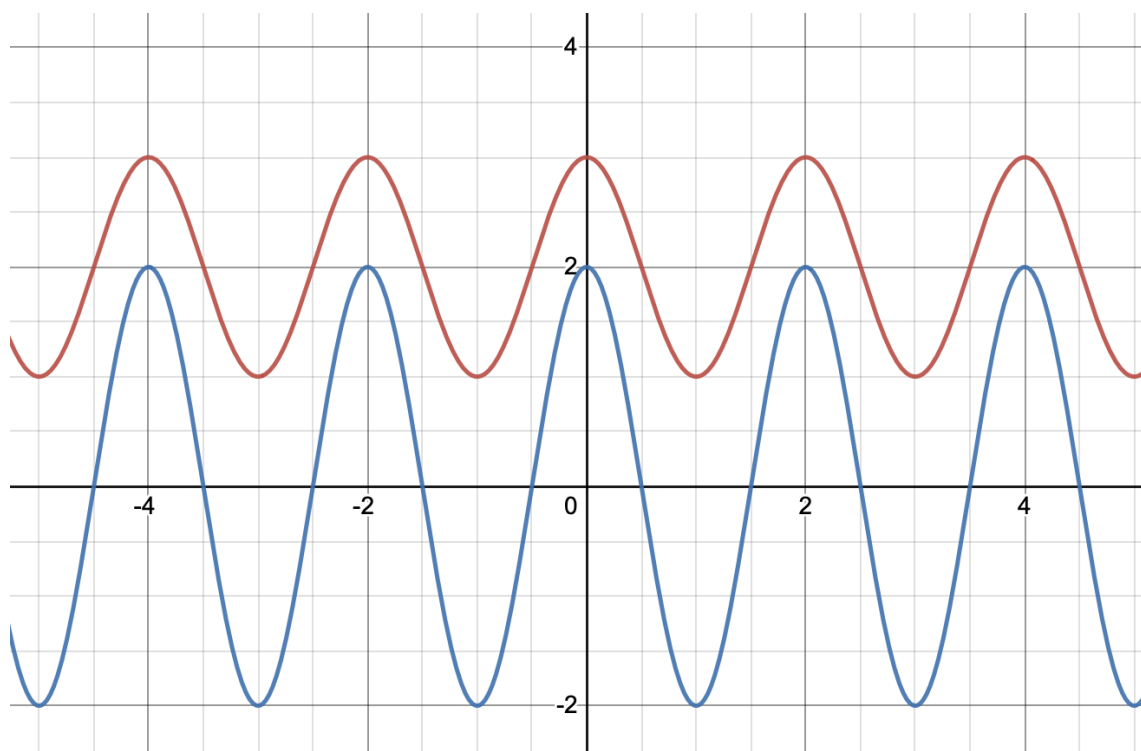
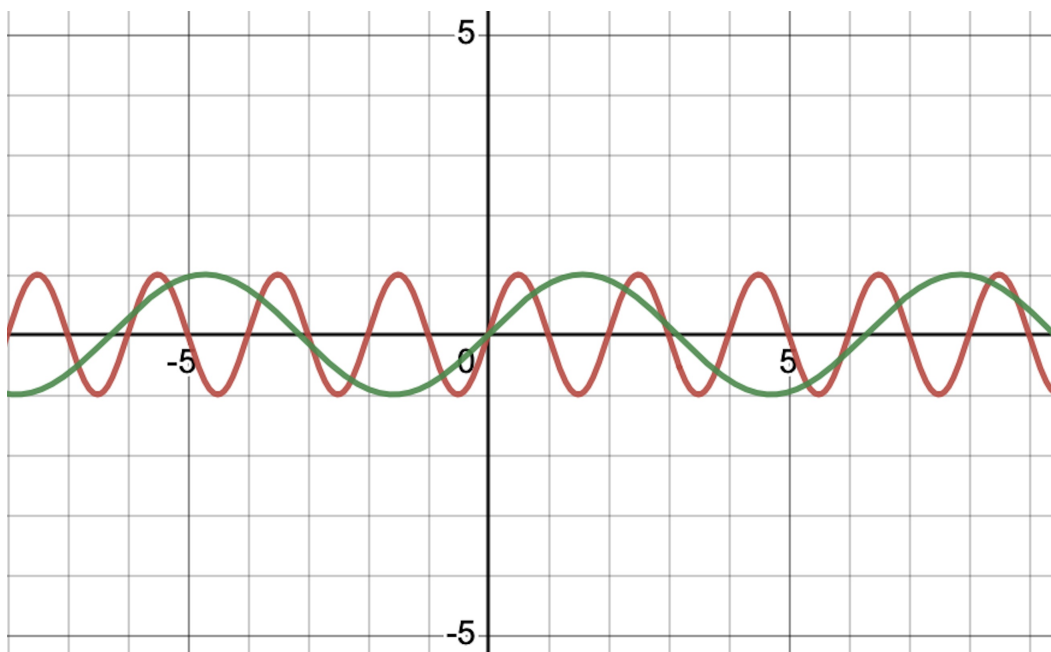
**Exercise 4** On the next page, you see two diagrams. Each diagram shows 2 graphs for two of the four functions given in the list. Match each of the given functions to its graph.

(a)  $f(x) = 2 + \cos \pi x$

(b)  $g(x) = \sin x$

(c)  $h(x) = \sin \pi x$

(d)  $k(x) = 2 \cos \pi x$



**Exercise 5** Find  $\frac{d^4y}{dx^4}$  (i.e. the fourth order derivative of  $y$ ) if

$$y = 2 \sin(3x).$$